CITY OF GRANGEVILLE, IDAHO

Report on Audited
Basic
Financial Statements
and
Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Grangeville, Idaho

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grangeville, Idaho (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grangeville, Idaho, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 thought 10, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of City contributions on pages 37 through 41 presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grangeville, Idaho's basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues by source, expenditures by object, and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of revenues by source, expenditures by object, and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues by source, expenditures by object, and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 3, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zwygart John & Associates, CPAs PLLC

Nampa, Idaho March 3, 2021

City of Grangeville Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

This section of the City of Grangeville's annual financial report provides a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial performance during the year ending September 30, 2020. The information presented here should be used in conjunction with additional information furnished in the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Grangeville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,920,774. Of this amount \$6,406,215 was unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the City's total net position increased \$361,837. Net position of government activities increased \$41,041 and net position of business-type activities increased \$320,796.
- Fund balances of governmental funds at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$3,335,827 an increase of \$280,557 in comparison to the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,106,730 is nonspendable, restricted and committed while the remaining \$1,229,097 is unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year the unassigned governmental fund balance was \$1,229,097.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Grangeville's basic financial statements. The City of Grangeville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grangeville's finances using accounting methods similar to those by private sector companies. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, in which current year revenues and expenses are recorded as transactions occur rather than when the cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

Statement of Net Position: Reports all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities: Reports how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving

rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include general government, public safety (police and fire), planning and development, public works and streets and culture and recreation. Business-type activities for the City include water, sewer, sanitation and Snowhaven.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. Information provided by these statements provides a short-term view of what resources will be available to meet needs.

The City maintains 5 individual governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: When fees are charged for services provided, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Of the two proprietary funds available, the City only has enterprise funds. The City maintains enterprise funds for water, sewer, sanitation and Snowhaven, with each fund supporting itself with user fees and other charges. The City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements may be found on pages 17-24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 the City had no fiduciary funds to report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-44 of this report.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 45-49 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 50-55 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position: Net position measure the difference between what the City owns (assets) versus what the City owes (liabilities). At September 30, 2020, the City's combined assets exceed liabilities by \$18,920,774. In comparison at September 30, 2019 combined assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,558,93.

The largest portion of the City's net assets, 52%, is invested in capital assets net of related debt. This is consistent but slightly lower than the prior fiscal year. Capital assets include land, building, equipment and machinery, and infrastructure.

Assets restricted to a particular use are 13% of net assets, which is 1% higher than the prior year. The same as the prior period, unrestricted net position equals 33% of net position.

City of Grangeville – Net Position

	Governmen	mental Activities			Business-ty	Activities	Total				
	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020
Current & Other Assets	\$ 3,617,301	\$	3,988,200	\$	5,587,203	\$	5,724,461	\$	9,204,504	\$	9,712,661
Capital Assets	\$ 1,701,924	\$	1,437,991	\$	14,112,301	\$	14,022,625	\$	15,814,225	\$	15,460,616
Deferred Outlfows	\$ 45,881	\$	97,558	\$	23,155	\$	49,234	\$	69,036	\$	146,792
Total Assets and											
Deferred Outflows	\$ 5,365,106	\$	5,523,749	\$	19,722,659	\$	19,796,320	\$	25,087,765	\$	25,320,069
Long-term liabilites											
outstanding	\$ 280,885	\$	436,777	\$	5,493,283	\$	5,329,029	\$	5,774,168	\$	5,765,806
Other Liabilities	\$ 139,225	\$	181,097	\$	476,051	\$	433,624	\$	615,276	\$	614,721
Deferred Inflows	\$ 92,636	\$	12,472	\$	46,752	\$	6,296	\$	139,388	\$	18,768
Total Liabilities and											
Deferred Inflows	\$ 512,746	\$	630,346	\$	6,016,086	\$	5,768,949	\$	6,528,832	\$	6,399,295
Net Assets:											
Net Investment in Capital											
Assets	\$ 1,600,403	\$	1,359,137	\$	8,487,611	\$	8,651,157	\$	10,088,014	\$	10,010,294
Restricted	\$ 1,935,296	\$	2,119,280	\$	363,510	\$	384,985	\$	2,298,806	\$	2,504,265
Unrestricted	\$ 1,316,661	\$	1,414,986	\$	4,855,452	\$	4,991,229	\$	6,172,113	\$	6,406,215
Total Net Position	\$ 4,852,360	\$	4,893,403	\$	13,706,573	\$	14,027,371	\$	18,558,933	\$	18,920,774

Changes in Net Position: During the year the City's financial position increased by \$361,837. The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and shows how the City's net assets changed during the year.

Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020

	(Government	al	Activities	Business-Type Activitie			Activities	Total			
Revenues:		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	153,484	\$	148,191	\$	2,607,256	\$	2,663,576	\$	2,760,740	\$	2,811,767
Operating grants and												
contributions	\$	41,897	\$	16,749	\$	-	\$	2,000	\$	41,897	\$	18,749
Capital grants and												
contributions					\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General revenues:									\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes	\$	1,002,625	\$	1,052,904					\$	1,002,625	\$	1,052,904
Sales tax and other												
governmental	\$	607,070	\$	608,747	\$	-	\$	-	\$	607,070	\$	608,747
Other	\$	272,505	\$	81,341	\$	243,568	\$	391,554	\$	516,073	\$	472,895
Total Revenues	\$	2,077,581	\$	1,907,932	\$	2,850,824	\$	3,057,130	\$	4,928,405	\$	4,965,062
Expenses:												
General government	\$	250,699	\$	339,007					\$	250,699	\$	339,007
Public Safety	\$	804,011	\$	800,513					\$	804,011	\$	800,513
Highways/streets	\$	452,460	\$	403,774					\$	452,460	\$	403,774
Culture and Recreation	\$	322,506	\$	323,597					\$	322,506	\$	323,597
Interest on long-term debt									\$	-	\$	-
Water					\$	885,159	\$	810,099	\$	885,159	\$	810,099
Sewer					\$	1,226,615	\$	1,163,798	\$	1,226,615	\$	1,163,798
Sanitation					\$	597,051	\$	632,331	\$	597,051	\$	632,331
Recreation-Snowhaven					\$	131,657	\$	130,106	\$	131,657	\$	130,106
Total Expenses	\$	1,829,676	\$	1,866,891	\$	2,840,482	\$	2,736,334	\$	4,670,158	\$	4,603,225
Increase in net position before												
transfers	\$	247,905	\$	41,041	\$	10,342	\$	320,796	\$	258,247	\$	361,837
Transfers	\$	(13,333)	\$	-	\$	13,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in net position	\$	234,572	\$	41,041	\$	23,675	\$	320,796	\$	258,247	\$	361,837
Net Position beginning	\$	4,617,788	\$	4,852,362	\$	13,682,898	\$	13,706,575	\$	18,300,686	\$	18,558,937
Prior Period Adjustment							\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Position ending	\$	4,852,360	\$	4,893,403	\$	13,706,573	\$	14,027,371	\$	18,558,933	\$	18,920,774

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$41,041 compared to a \$234,572 increase the previous fiscal year. The majority of governmental expenses, 42%, are incurred by Public Safety. Overall, governmental expenses for 2020 increased by almost 2% over fiscal year 2019.

Through the generosity of a long time Grangeville citizen, the City was named as a beneficiary for a memorial from Orrin and Eleanor Webb for the police, fire, pool and golf course funds. The City received the majority of the funds in FY13; however additional funds were still received during FY14 and FY15. The City issued the final payment for the golf course funds in February 2017. Police, Fire and pool still have remaining funds.

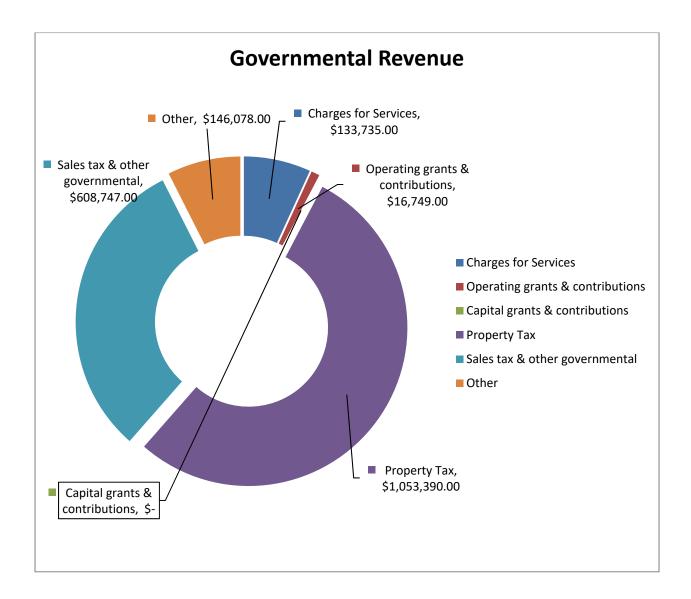
Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities increased net position by \$320,796 in fiscal year 2020. Expenses decreased 3.8% from fiscal year 2019 to 2020 while revenues increased 7.2% in the same time period. The Council adopted the Water Master Plan in February 2020. Work on the new Sewer Master Plan is currently in progress and should be adopted in February 2021.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

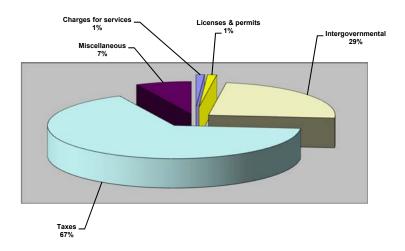
As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The general fund is the principal fund used for the City of Grangeville's major operations. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,229,097 while the total fund balance reached \$3,335,827 an increase of \$280,557 compared to the prior year fund balance.

The following chart shows the breakdown of governmental revenue.

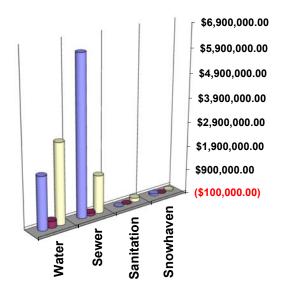


Revenue by Source-General Fund



Proprietary funds: The following chart has the net asset breakdown by proprietary (enterprise) fund as operated by the City and is shown in more detail than discussed in the Net Asset section.

Net Asset Breakdown Proprietary Funds



□Invested in capital assets, net of related debt ■Restricted for debt service □Unrestricted

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The total revenue in the General Fund was \$1,097,717 which was less than the budgeted amount of \$1,386,416 by \$288,699. The total expenditures in the General Fund were \$1,033,451 which was under the budget of \$1,634,237 by \$600,786. For FY20 the fire department has budgeted for a grant for a filling station and SCBA replacement, which if received, the match would be shared between the City and Rural Departments. At the end of the fiscal year, the fire department received word on they were awarded a Firefighter's Grant for SCBA replacement. Funds will be received in FY21.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Asset:

The City investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, sewer and water lines, automobiles, equipment, street lights, bridges and roads.

Major capital asset events in FY20 included:

- Purchased 2020 Chevy 1 ton for Street, Water and Sewer
- Removed the bricks from Main Street sidewalks and poured concrete to replace
- Masonry repair at the front door of the Library
- BST on E N 7th from Meadow to the County Road
- The Sewer Master Plan is currently in progress with estimated completion for February 2021
- The Water Master Plan was adopted February 2020
- Land purchase from Wagner's and Whitley's on the watershed, Fugate by the WWTP and the old dump from Chahal
- Purchase and install of generator at Park well
- Install of the step screen at WWTP

Long-term Debt: The citizens of the City passed a water revenue bond in December 2003. The City Refunded the Water Bond in 2013, resulting in a net interest cost of 3.433% compared to 4.94% and a total savings of \$290,897.61 over the life of the bond. The long-term balance of the principle on the water bond as of September 30, 2020 was \$2,265,000.

The City passed a sewer revenue bond in 2010 for improvements at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. Construction began in 2013 and the bond closed with USDA Rural Development in March of 2014. The long-term balance of the principle on the sewer bond as of September 30, 2020 was \$2,848,320.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The business-type activities continue to monitor their rates to ensure adequate funding for payment of outstanding debt and future required expansion. The water rates will increase by 4.88% and sewer rates will increase by 7.3% in the base and 63% in the overage for fiscal year 2021. Walco Inc. requested a 0% increase in Sanitation.

The City will continue to work with J-U-B Engineers on wastewater plant and collection system requirements in the IPDESDP permit along with water system requirements. The Sewer Master Plan should be adopted early in 2021 and the Environmental Information Documents should be completed in 2021. The Council will look at running a bond election in November 2021 to fund water and sewer projects.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide our customers and other interested parties a general overview of the City of Grangeville's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or for additional information, please contact Tonya Kennedy, City Administrator, City of Grangeville, 225 West North Street, Grangeville, Idaho 83530, (208) 983-2851.

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,123,213	\$ 3,514,940	\$ 5,638,153
Short-term Investments	214,458	377,482	591,940
Accounts Receivable, Net	11,859	265,225	277,084
Taxes Receivable, Net	39,410		39,410
Interest Receivable	4,087	7,196	11,283
Due from Other Governments	165,406	-	165,406
Prepaid Items	8,403	4,089	12,492
Total Current Assets	2,566,836	4,168,932	6,735,768
Noncurrent Assets:			
Long-term Investments	819,378	1,170,544	1,989,922
Restricted Cash	601,986	384,985	986,971
Capital Assets:	044 770	007.040	500.074
Land and Construction in Progress	211,759	387,212	598,971
Improvements, Net	958,568	6,423,345	7,381,913
Buildings, Net	70,339	5,269,916	5,340,255
Equipment, Net	197,325	1,942,152	2,139,477
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,859,355	15,578,154	18,437,509
Total Assets	5,426,191	19,747,086	25,173,277
Deferred Outflows			
Pension Related Items	97,558	49,234	146,792
Total Deferred Outflows	97,558	49.234	146,792
Liabilities	01,000		110,102
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	54,144	107,642	161,786
Wages Payable	62,912	23,417	86,329
Deposits from Others	3,830	2,936	6,766
Accrued Interest	-	33,646	33,646
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year:			
Bonds and Notes Payable	24,052	235,209	259,261
Compensated Absences	36,159	30,774	66,933
Due in More than One Year:			
Bonds and Notes Payable	54,802	5,136,259	5,191,061
Net Pension Liability	381,975	192,770	574,745
Total Liabilities	617,874	5,762,653	6,380,527
Deferred Inflows			
Pension Related Items	12,472	6,296	18,768
Total Deferred Inflows	12,472	6,296	18,768
Total Beleffed Illiows	12,712	0,230	10,700
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	1,359,137	8,651,157	10,010,294
Debt Service	601,986	384,985	986,971
Other Purposes	2,098,327	-	2,098,327
Unrestricted Surplus	833,953	4,991,229	5,825,182
Total Net Position	\$ 4,893,403	\$ 14,027,371	\$ 18,920,774
	,,		,,.==,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

City of Grangeville, Idaho Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

			Program Revenues							iver (Expense) RE	Position	ang	es in Net
			- C	harges for		erating		Capital						
				ervices and		ants and		Grants and	Go	vernmental	Βı	usiness-type		
	Е	Expenses		Sales		tributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary Government:												_		
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	339,007	\$	26,456	\$	2,603	\$	-	\$	(309,948)	\$	_	\$	(309,948)
Public Safety		800,513		´ -		· -		-		(800,513)		_		(800,513)
Highways and Streets		403,774		82,969		-		-		(320,805)		_		(320,805)
Culture and Recreation		323,597		38,766		14,146		_		(270,685)		_		(270,685)
Total Governmental Activities		1,866,891		148,191		16,749	_	-		(1,701,951)		-		(1,701,951)
B														
Business-type Activities:		040.000		040.000								400 504		400 504
Water		810,099		918,683		-		-		-		108,584		108,584
Sewer		1,163,798		996,369		-		-		-		(167,429)		(167,429)
Sanitation		632,331		649,361		0.000		-		-		17,030		17,030
Recreation-Snowhaven		130,106		99,163		2,000						(28,943)		(28,943)
Total Business-type Activities	_	2,736,334	_	2,663,576	_	2,000	_			(4.704.054)		(70,758)		(70,758)
Total Primary Government	\$	4,603,225	\$	2,811,767	\$	18,749	\$	<u> </u>		(1,701,951)		(70,758)		(1,772,709)
			Ge	neral Revenu	ıes:									
			Р	roperty Taxe	s					1,052,904		_		1,052,904
				tergovernme						608.747		_		608.747
				mber Sales						2,006		262,618		264,624
			In	terest						75,221		129,140		204,361
			0	ther						106,643		-		106,643
			D	isposal of Ca	pital A	ssets				(102,529)		(204)		(102,733)
			Ti	ransfers	•							` -′		`
			T	otal General	Reven	ues and S	pec	ial Items		1,742,992		391,554	_	2,134,546
			С	hange in Net	Positi	on				41,041		320,796		361,837
			Ne	t Position, Be	ginnin	g of Year				4,852,362		13,706,575		18,558,937
				t Position, Er					\$	4,893,403	\$	14,027,371	\$	18,920,774
				•							_			

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

Accepta		General		Street	R	ecreation	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets	•	000 005	•	4 0 4 7 0 0 0	•	100 511	•	00.000	•	0.070.000
Cash and Investments Receivables, Net:	\$	869,925	\$	1,217,698	\$	488,511	\$	96,862	\$	2,672,996
Accounts		5,786		6,073		-		-		11,859
Property Taxes		27,379		6,241		2,734		3,056		39,410
Interest		2,335		1,420		332		-		4,087
Due from Other Governments		96,975		56,661		6,864		4,906		165,406
Prepaid Items		4,470		3,282		626		25		8,403
Restricted Investments		331,011		<u> </u>		270,975				601,986
Total Assets	\$	1,337,881	\$	1,291,375	\$	770,042	\$	104,849	\$	3,504,147
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	18,900	\$	15,590	\$	11,522	\$	8,054	\$	54,066
Wages Payable		53,433		4,858		1,258		3,363		62,912
Customer Deposits		-		3,830		-		-		3,830
Compensated Absences		7,148		4,124		478		-		11,750
Total Liabilities		79,481		28,402		13,258		11,417		132,558
Deferred Inflows										
Unearned Revenue - Property Tax		24,833		5,670		2,483		2,776		35,762
Total Deferred Inflows		24,833		5,670		2,483		2,776		35,762
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		4,470		3,282		626		25		8,403
Restricted		-		1,254,021		753,675		90,631		2,098,327
Unassigned		1,229,097		_		_		-		1,229,097
Total Fund Balances		1,233,567		1,257,303		754,301		90,656		3,335,827
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	1,337,881	\$	1,291,375	\$	770,042	\$	104,849	\$	3,504,147

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	3,335,827
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of assets consist of:		
Land and Construction in Progress Improvements, Net of \$1,355,516 Accumulated Depreciation Buildings, Net of \$667,188 Accumulated Deprecation Equipment, Net of \$1,009,755 Accumulated Depreciation 958,568 70,339 197,325	-	1,437,991
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures, and, therefore, are unearned in the funds.		35,762
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Compensated Absences (24,409) Municipal Lease (78,854)		(103,263)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge medical costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service fund net assets are:		483,975
The District participates in the Public Employer Retirement System of Idaho, which is a cost sharing plan. As a participant they are required to report their share of the Net Pension Liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows on their Statement of Net Position.	_	
Net Pension Liability(381,975)Pension Related Deferred Inflows(12,472)Pension Related Deferred Outflows97,558		(296,889)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	4,893,403

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

				Other		Total				
			F	Roads and			Go	overnmental	Go	vernmental
	(General		Streets	R	ecreation	Funds		Funds	
Revenues		_	-	_		_				_
Property Taxes	\$	737,584	\$	163,478	\$	71,964	\$	80,364	\$	1,053,390
Licenses and Permits		12,931		-		-		1,525		14,456
Intergovernmental		268,405		190,900		135,028		14,414		608,747
Charges for Services		12,000		82,969		35,546		3,220		133,735
Grants & Contributions		2,603		-		5,000		9,146		16,749
Interest Income		30,245		26,651		12,040		1,550		70,486
Other		33,949		18,221		5,119		3,847		61,136
Total Revenues		1,097,717		482,219		264,697		114,066		1,958,699
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government		249,843		-		_		29,000		278,843
Public Safety		707,984		-		_		-		707,984
Highway and Streets		-		309,589		-		-		309,589
Culture and Recreation		-		-		139,397		90,413		229,810
Capital Outlay		75,624		31,367		39,708		8,923		155,622
Total Expenditures		1,033,451		340,956		179,105		128,336		1,681,848
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		64,266		141,263		85,592		(14,270)		276,851
Other Financing Resources (Uses)										
Timber Sales		_		_		2,006		_		2,006
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets		-		1,700		-		-		1,700
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				1,700		2,006				3,706
Net Change in Fund Balances		64,266		142,963		87,598		(14,270)		280,557
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,169,301		1,114,340		666,703		104,926		3,055,270
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,233,567	\$	1,257,303	\$	754,301	\$	90,656	\$	3,335,827

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	280,557
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Act because of the following:	tivities are different		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the depreciation expense. Because of this, gains or losses on disposals Statement of Activities as well. In the current period these amounts a	ir useful lives as only appear in the		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense Gain on Disposal of Assets Net	\$ 30,598 (179,350) (104,229)		(252,981)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several month year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the go are, instead, counted as unearned tax revenues. They are, however, revenues in the Statement of Activities.	vernmental funds and		(486)
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds are represented activities.	orted with		50,242
Compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities do no current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expen governmental funds. This amount represents the net change in comp	ditures in		11,813
The District participates in the Public Employer Retirement System of cost-sharing plan. As a participant they are required to report their sharing plan. As a participant they are required to report their sharing plan. The changes in the Net Pension Liability and the related defoutflows does not affect the governmental funds, but are reported in Activities.	nare of the Net eir Statement of net eferred inflows and		(48,104)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	41,041
Change in 14ct 1 deliton of Governmental Activities		Ψ	+ 1,0+ 1

City of Grangeville, IdahoStatement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation					
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,780,148	\$ 1,539,228	\$ 145,692					
Short-term Investments	365,419	12,063	-					
Accounts Receivable, Net	95,018	105,245	64,962					
Interest Receivable	6,966	230	-					
Prepaid Items	2,288	953	141					
Total Current Assets	2,249,839	1,657,719	210,795					
Noncurrent Assets:								
Long-term Investments	1,124,454	46,090	-					
Restricted Cash and Investments	271,700	113,285	-					
Capital Assets:	005.044	440.700						
Land and Construction in Progress	235,944	119,708	-					
Improvements, Net Buildings, Net	4,070,592 41,423	2,314,045	-					
Equipment, Net	321,895	5,222,750 1,618,016	341					
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,066,008	9,433,894	341					
Total Assets	8,315,847	11,091,613	211,136					
	0,010,047	11,001,010	211,100					
Deferred Outflows								
Pension Related Items	21,814	23,134	690					
Total Deferred Outflows	21,814	23,134	690					
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	15,595	39,024	52,970					
Wages Payable	8,976	14,025	416					
Customer Deposits	2,936	-	-					
Accrued Interest	4,236	29,410	-					
Compensated Absences	13,802	16,612	360					
Current Portion - Debt	135,000	100,209						
Total Current Liabilities	180,545	199,280	53,746					
Long-term Liabilities:								
Bonds and Notes Payable	2,388,148	2,748,111	-					
Net Pension Liability	85,406	90,580	2,702					
Total Long-term Liabilities	2,473,554	2,838,691	2,702					
Total Liabilities	2,654,099	3,037,971	56,448					
Deferred Inflows								
Pension Related Items	2,789	2,957	89					
Total Deferred Inflows	2,789	2,957	89					
Net Position	0.440.700	0.400.400	0.4.4					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,146,706	6,426,199	341					
Restricted for Debt Service	271,700	113,285	- 154 040					
Unrestricted	3,262,367	1,534,335	154,948					
Total Net Position	\$ 5,680,773	\$ 8,073,819	\$ 155,289					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

City of Grangeville, Idaho
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds (continued)
September 30, 2020

					Governmental			
		Enterp	rise	Funds	Activ	ities - Internal		
	Sno	whaven		Total	•	Services		
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Investments	\$	49,872	\$	3,514,940	\$	484,053		
Short-term Investments		-		377,482		-		
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		265,225		-		
Interest Receivable		-		7,196		-		
Prepaid Items		707		4,089		-		
Total Current Assets		50,579		4,168,932		484,053		
Noncurrent Assets:					· ·	_		
Long-term Investments		_		1,170,544		_		
Restricted Cash		_		384,985		_		
Capital Assets:				00.,000				
Land and Construction in Progress		31,560		387,212		_		
Improvements, Net		38,708		6,423,345		_		
Buildings, Net		5,743		5,269,916		_		
Equipment, Net		1,900		1,942,152		_		
Total Noncurrent Assets		77,911		15,578,154	-	_		
Total Assets		128,490		19,747,086	-	484,053		
		,		,,		,		
Deferred Outflows		0.500		40.004				
Pension Related Items		3,596		49,234		<u> </u>		
Total Deferred Outflows		3,596		49,234				
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		53		107,642		78		
Wages Payable		-		23,417		-		
Customer Deposits		_		2,936		_		
Accrued Interest		_		33,646		_		
Compensated Absences		_		30,774		_		
Current Portion - Debt		_		235,209		_		
Total Current Liabilities		53		433,624	-	78		
Long-term Liabilities:				.00,02.	-			
Bonds and Notes Payable				5,136,259				
Net Pension Liability		14,082		192,770		-		
Total Long-term Liabilities		14,082		5,329,029		<u>-</u> _		
Total Liabilities		14,135		5,762,653		78		
	-	17,100		3,702,033				
Deferred Inflows								
Pension Related Items		461		6,296				
Total Deferred Inflows		461		6,296		-		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		77,911		8,651,157		_		
Restricted for Debt Service				384,985		_		
Unrestricted		39,579		4,991,229		483,975		
Total Net Position	\$	117,490	\$	14,027,371	\$	483,975		
Total Hot I Collicii	Ψ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ	. 1,021,011	Ψ	100,010		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water		Sewer	Sanitation	
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	904,408	\$	993,141	\$ 649,361	
Penalties		7,275		-	-	
Other		7,000		3,228		
Total Operating Revenues		918,683		996,369	649,361	
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and Benefits		205,015		306,929	9,431	
Contractor Services		-		-	613,952	
Supplies		10,707		11,618	5,795	
Heat, Light, and Power		56,664		95,898	-	
Other Services and Charges		132,428		245,172	3,039	
Depreciation		319,179		449,947	114	
Total Operating Expenses		723,993		1,109,564	632,331	
Operating Income (Loss)		194,690		(113,195)	17,030	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets		(1,860)		1,656	-	
Timber Sales		262,618		-	-	
Interest Earned		91,777		36,798	-	
Interest Expense		(86,106)		(54,234)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		266,429		(15,780)		
Change in Net Position		461,119		(128,975)	17,030	
Net Position - Beginning		5,219,654		8,202,794	138,259	
Net Position - Ending	\$	5,680,773	\$	8,073,819	\$ 155,289	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Governmental

Activities - Internal **Enterprise Funds** Services Snowhaven Total **Operating Revenues** 2.643.118 Charges for Services 96,208 **Penalties** 7,275 208,995 Other 2,955 13,183 2,663,576 Total Operating Revenues 99,163 208,995 Operating Expenses Salaries and Benefits 49,977 571,352 163,488 **Contractor Services** 613,952 Supplies 8,122 36,242 Heat, Light, and Power 6,428 158,990 Other Services and Charges 61,582 442,221 Depreciation 3,997 773,237 Total Operating Expenses 130,106 2,595,994 163,488 **Operating Income (Loss)** (30,943)67,582 45,507 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets (204)**Donations** 2,000 2,000 Timber Sales 262,618 Interest Earned 565 129,140 4,735 Interest Expense (140,340)4,735 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 2,565 253,214 **Change in Net Position** 320,796 (28,378)50,242 **Net Position - Beginning** 145,868 13,706,575 433,733 117,490 **Net Position - Ending** 14,027,371 \$ 483,975

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers	\$ 908,463	\$ 993,028	\$ 649,969		
Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	(207,570)	(394,202)	(621,735)		
Payments to Employees for Services	(188,279)	(292,239)	(8,876)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	F10 C14	200 507	40.050		
Operating Activities	512,614	306,587	19,358		
Cash Flows From Noncapital					
Financing Activities					
Timber Sales	262,618	-	-		
Donations					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital					
Financing Activities	262,618				
Cook Flows From Conital and Related					
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets	(301,156)	(386,109)	_		
Disposal of Capital Assets	(301,130)	3,500	_		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(154,857)	(98,365)	_		
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(86,303)	(55,250)	_		
Net Cash Used by Capital and	(,,	<u> </u>			
Related Financing Activities	(542,316)	(536,224)			
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	(00.440)	(0.040)			
Sale (Purchase) of Investments	(66,418)	(2,342)			
Interest and Dividends	93,140 26,722	36,843 34,501	<u>-</u>		
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	20,122	34,501			
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	259,638	(195,136)	19,358		
	4 700 040	4 0 4 7 0 4 0	100.004		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	1,792,210	1,847,649	126,334		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 2,051,848	\$ 1,652,513	\$ 145,692		
Displayed As:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,780,148	\$ 1,539,228	\$ 145,692		
Restricted Cash and Investments	271,700	113,285	-		
	\$ 2,051,848	\$ 1,652,513	\$ 145,692		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	E	Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities -		
	Snowh	Snowhaven Total			al Services		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Receipts from Customers	\$ 99	163 \$	2,650,623	\$	208,995		
Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	•	834)	(1,303,341)		(163,410)		
Payments to Employees for Services	(48	203)	(537,597)		-		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	(28	<u>874)</u>	809,685		45,585		
Cash Flows From Noncapital							
Financing Activities							
Timber Sales		-	262,618		-		
Donations	2	000	2,000				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		000	004.040				
Financing Activities	2	000_	264,618				
Cash Flows From Capital and Related							
Financing Activities							
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets			(697 265)				
Disposal of Capital Assets		-	(687,265) 3,500		-		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt			(253,222)				
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		-	(255,222)		-		
Net Cash Used by Capital and		<u> </u>	(141,000)				
Related Financing Activities		_	(1,078,540)		_		
Related Fillancing Activities		<u> </u>	(1,070,340)		<u>-</u>		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Sale (Purchase) of Investments		-	(68,760)		-		
Interest and Dividends		565	130,548		4,735		
Net Cash Used by Investing Activites		565	61,788		4,735		
	(00	000)	57.554		50.000		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(26	309)	57,551		50,320		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	76	181	3,842,374		433,733		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 49	872 \$	3,899,925	\$	484,053		
	-						
Displayed As:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 49	872 \$, ,	\$	484,053		
Restricted Cash		<u>-</u> -	384,985				
	\$ 49	872 \$	3,899,925	\$	484,053		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the finanical statements.

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds (continued) Fore the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water		•	Sewer		anitation
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	194,690	\$	(113,195)	\$	17,030
Depreciation		319,179		449,947		114
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(9,620)		(3,341)		608
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows		(11,555)		(12,254)		(365)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll and Benefits		2,130		2,118		106
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(7,771)		(41,514)		1,051
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(600)				-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		3,851		1,165		108
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		40,234		42,671		1,273
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows		(17,924)		(19,010)		(567)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	512,614	\$	306,587	\$	19,358

City of Grangeville, Idaho Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

					vernmental Activities -	
	Enterprise Funds				Internal	
	Snowhaven		Total	Services		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (30,943.00)	\$	67,582.00	\$	45,507.00	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	,					
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation	3,997		773,237		-	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	-		(12,353)		-	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows	(1,905)		(26,079)		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll and Benefits	-		4,354		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(3,702)		(51,936)		78	
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	-		(600)		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	-		5,124		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	6,634		90,812		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	(2,955)		(40,456)			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (28,874)	\$	809,685	\$	45,585	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City of Grangeville, Idaho (the City), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public safety, roads and streets, library, and water and sewer services within the City. The City receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the City is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the City's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the City, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each activity of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.
- Indirect expenses—expenses of the general government related to the
 administration and support of the City's programs, such as personnel and
 accounting (but not interest on long-term debt)—are allocated to programs
 based on their percentage of total primary government expenses. Interest
 expenses are allocated to the programs that manage the capital assets
 financed with long-term debt for business-type activities.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

 Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and state formula aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, use, and balance of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Street fund. This fund accounts for repairs and maintenance of roads and construction of new roads. Restricted revenue received in this fund is to be used for this purpose.
- Recreation fund. This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's swimming pool and parks. Restricted revenue received in this fund is to be used for this purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Water fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water supply system, pumping stations, and collection systems.
- Sewer fund. This fund accounts for the operations and collections of the City's sewer system.
- Sanitation fund. The City acts as an intermediary in billing and collecting revenue from the local citizens for the sanitation company.
- Snowhaven. This fund accounts for the operations and collections related to Snowhaven

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City reports the following internal service fund:

• *Insurance Pool fund.* This fund accounts for the employee health insurance plan.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Fund Balance Reporting in Governmental Funds

Different measurement focuses and bases of accounting are used in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

The City uses the following fund balance categories in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable. Prepaid items that are permanently precluded from conversion to cash.
- Restricted. Balances constrained to a specific purpose by enabling legislation, external parties, or constitutional provisions.
- Unassigned. Balances available for any purpose.

The remaining fund balance classifications (committed and assigned) are either not applicable or no formal policy has yet been established to be able to utilize such classifications of fund balance. However, if there had been committed funds, these amounts would have been decided by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority, through a formal action. The City Council would also have the authority to assign funds or authorize another official to do so.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance available to finance the program. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's intent to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

There is also no formal policy regarding the use of committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances. However, it is the City's intent that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The fund balance in the nonmajor governmental funds are restricted by outside donors and grants for enrichment of the City's art and other funds have been restricted for use towards the City's health insurance.

C. Assets and Liabilities

Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City requires all cash belonging to the City to be placed in custody of the Clerk. A "Pooled Cash" concept is therefore used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount. All cash and investment accounts with an original maturity of three months or less and all monies invested in the local government investment pool are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. See Note 2.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement, and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase of decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair Value of Investments

The City of Grangeville measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

 Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the City of Grangeville can access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, the valuation of theses securities does not entail any significant degree of judgement. Securities classed as Level 1 inputs include U.S. Government securities and other U.S. Agency and sovereign government obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Securities classified as Level 2 include corporate and municipal bonds, and "brokered" or securitized certificates of deposits; and
- Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be zero.

Property Tax Calendar

The City receives property tax revenue from Idaho County. The county is responsible for property valuation and collection of tax levies. The taxes that have not been remitted to the City by the county as of September 30, 2020, are considered by the City as a receivable.

Taxes not collected within 60 days after September 30, 2020, are not considered available for use by the City and are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements.

The City levies its real property taxes through the county in September of each year based upon the assessed valuation as of the previous July 1. Property taxes are due in two installments on December 20 and June 20 and are considered delinquent on January 1 and July 1, at which time the property is subject to lien.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are shown below:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	<u>Policy</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$5,000	Straight-Line 7	50 Years
Equipment and Vehicles	\$5,000	Straight-Line 5	20 Years

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to October, 2003, are not reported in the basic financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2003.

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

Bond Issuance Costs, Premiums/Discounts, Deferred Losses on Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as assets or liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, deferred losses on refunding, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred loss on refunding. Unamortized bond issuance costs are reported as intangible assets and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Restricted Assets – Proprietary Funds

Certain proceeds and resources are set aside and classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by city ordinance and by the City Council. In the Water fund, the bond and interest redemption accounts are used to report resources set aside to be used for payment of bond principal and interest. It also includes the bond reserve account, which is used to report resources set aside to be used for payment of bond principal and interest, if amounts are not sufficient for such purposes in the bond and interest redemption account. Also, in the Water fund, the customer deposit account is used to report resources received from users of the utility system. These deposits are to be returned to the customer when leaving the system, provided all utility bills are paid current.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

As of September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits were \$629,416 and the respective bank balances totaled \$607,279. All of the total bank balance was insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging institution in the name of the City.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. As of September 30, 2020, all of the City's deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent or pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City, and thus were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The City also keeps \$2,910 of cash on hand. The City does not have a formal policy limiting its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy is to have no more than 10% of the value of the investment portfolio with any single issues at the time of purchase, with the exception of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities.

Interest Rate Risk

The City has a policy to not purchase securities with a maturity more than five (5) years from the date of purchase, unless it is matched to a specific cash flow. This policy is to help mitigate the interest rate risk of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Investments</u>

The City voluntarily participates in the State of Idaho Investment Pool, which was not rated. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. Oversight of the pool is with the State Treasurer, and Idaho Code defines allowable investments. The fair value of the City's investment in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The City follows Idaho Statute that outlines qualifying investment options as follows:

Idaho Code authorizes the City to invest any available funds in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Treasury, the State of Idaho, local Idaho municipalities and taxing districts, the Farm Credit System, or Idaho public corporations, as well as time deposit accounts and repurchase agreements.

The City's investments at September 30, 2020, are summarized below:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)				
					Мо	re	
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	thar	า 5	
External Investment Pool	N/A	\$5,707,240	\$ 5,707,240	\$ -	\$	-	
Money Market	N/A	13,858	13,858	-		-	
CD	N/A	2,588,137	476,079	2,112,058			
Corporate Bonds	Α	265,424	115,861	149,563			
		\$8,574,659	\$6,313,038	\$2,261,621	\$	-	

At year-end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,220,193	\$ 3,998,994	\$ 6,219,187
Investments	1,033,836	1,548,025	2,581,861
Restricted Invesetments	20,953	384,985	405,938
	\$ 3,274,982	\$ 5,932,004	\$ 9,206,986
Investments	\$ 2,220,193 1,033,836 20,953	\$ 3,998,994 1,548,025 384,985	\$ 6,219,187 2,581,867 405,938

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

On September 30, 2020, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investment Type	ļ	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total					
Money Market	\$	13,858	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,858				
CD		-	2,588,137			-	2,588,137					
Corporate Bonds	-		265,424			-		265,424				
	\$	13,858	\$ 2,853,561		\$2,853,561		\$ 2,853,561		\$	-	\$2	,867,419

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

For securities that generally have market prices from multiple sources, it can be challenging to select the best individual price, and the best source one day may not be the best source no the following day. The solution is to report a "consensus price" or a weighted average price for each security. The City receives market prices for these securities from a variety of industry standard date provides (e.g. Bloomberg), security master fields from large financial institutions, and other third-party sources. Through the help of an investment advisor, the City uses these multiple prices as inputs into a distribution-curve based algorithm to determine the daily market value.

Securities held as Level 1 are valued using the following approach.

 U.S. Treasuries, Money Markets, U.S. Agencies: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are active;

Debt securities classified as Level 2 are valued using the following approaches.

 Corporate and Municipal Bonds and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets

3. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units include state revenue sharing of \$97,911, liquor apportionment of \$11,629, highway user revenue of \$41,171 from the State Department of Highways, and \$14,695 due from Rural Fire. The total due from other governments is \$165,406.

City of Grangeville, Idaho Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	E	Balance							Balance
	9.	/30/2019	Adju	ustments	Additions		isposals	9	/30/2020
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	211,759	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	211,759
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Improvements		2,314,084		-	-		-		2,314,084
Buildings		737,527		-	-		-		737,527
Equipment		1,569,332			19,646		(381,898)		1,207,080
Total Historical Cost		4,620,943			19,646		(381,898)	_	4,258,691
Less: Accumulated Depreciation									
Improvements		1,282,152		-	73,364		-		1,355,516
Buildings		663,013		-	4,175		-		667,188
Equipment		1,185,613			101,811		(277,669)		1,009,755
Total Acc. Depr.		3,130,778			179,350		(277,669)		3,032,459
Net Depreciable Assets		1,490,165		_	(159,704)		(104,229)		1,226,232
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets - Net	\$	<u>1,701,924</u>	\$		<u>\$ (159,704)</u>	\$	(104,229)	\$	1,437,991
Business-type Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Easements	\$	169,691	\$	-	\$ 217,521	\$	-	\$	387,212
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Improvements	1	2,651,538		-	20,022		-	1	2,671,560
Buildings		7,400,667		-	-		-		7,400,667
Equipment		4,188,288			449,722		(38,809)		4,599,201
Total Depreciable Assets	2	4,240,493			469,744	_	(38,809)		24,671,428
Less: Accumulated Depreciation									
Improvements		5,904,007		-	344,208		-		6,248,215
Buildings		1,947,963		-	182,788		_		2,130,751
Equipment		2,445,913		<u>-</u>	246,241		(35,105)		2,657,049
Total Acc. Depr.	1	0,297,883			773,237		(35,105)	_1	1,036,015
Net Depreciable Assets	_1	3,942,610			(303,493)		(3,704)	_1	3,635,413
Business-type Activities - Net	\$1	4,112,301	\$		<u>\$ (85,972)</u>	\$	(3,704)	\$ 1	4,022,625

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the City as follows:

Government	al Activities:
	ai / \ou viuos.

General Government	\$ 8,773
Public Safety	63,263
Highway and Streets	72,440
Culture and Recreation	34,874
	\$179,350
Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$319,179
Sewer	449,947
Sanitation	114
Snowhaven	3,997
	<u>\$773,237</u>

PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Grangeville, Idaho contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2020 it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% (for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The City of Grangeville, Idaho's contributions were \$107,647 the year ended September 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the City of Grangeville, Idaho reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of Grangeville, Idaho's proportion of the net pension liability was based the City of Grangeville, Idaho's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2020, the City of Grangeville, Idaho's proportion was 0.0247508 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City of Grangeville, Idaho recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$180,028. At September 30, 2020, the City of Grangeville, Idaho reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

	Deferred Outflows of	I	Deferred nflows of
	Resources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,905	\$	18,767
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	9,720		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	65,877		-
City of Grangeville, Idaho's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	26,290		-
Total	\$ 146,792	\$	18,767

\$26,290 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2020.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, is 4.8 years and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

September 30:	PERSI
2020	28,146
2021	24,211
2022	32,860
2023	42,808

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation3.00%Salary increases3.75%Salary inflation3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- 1. Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- 3. Forward one year for female fire and police
- 4. Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions.

Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2020.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Ne	t of Investment	5.85%	3.49%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

5. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Decrease (6.05%)	Current D (7	1% Increase (8.05%)		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,178,647	\$	574,746	\$	75,419

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including, but not limited to, a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liabilities, i.e. errors and omissions, d) environmental damage, e) worker's compensation, i.e. employee injuries, and f) medical insurance costs of its employees. Commercial insurance policies are purchased to transfer the risk of loss for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation leave is granted to all regular City employees. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation leave. Employees accrue vacation time on every paycheck at a rate depending on their tenure with the City. Compensated time is also awarded for overtime worked. This time can be accumulated and carried over to subsequent years. Changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	9/30/2019	Earned	Used	9/30/2020	Current
Governmental Activities	\$ 33,518	\$25,225	\$(22,584)	\$ 36,159	\$36,159
Business-type Activities	25,650	21,291	(20,500)	30,774	30,774
Total	\$ 59,168	\$46,516	\$(43,084)	\$ 66,933	\$66,933

8. OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City has credit cards with a total credit limit of \$30,400. As of September 30, 2020, \$387 of the available credit was in use.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Municipal Lease:

The City leases certain equipment and vehicles under long-term lease agreements. Certain leases have been recorded as municipal leases and others as operating leases. The municipal leases consist of:

Equipment	\$ 121,851
Less: accumulated amortization (listed as depreciation	 (16,780)
on the accompanying financial statements)	\$ 105,071

Revenue Bond:

The City issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The Water Revenue Bond Series 2003 was issued in December of 2003 in the amount of \$3,900,000 to finance improvements to the domestic water system. This bond was partially refinanced from bonds issued in 2014 through the Idaho Bond Bank Authority in the amount of \$3,060,000. The sewer bond was issued March 2014 in the amount of \$3,500,000 to finance improvements to the sewer plant.

Long-term obligation activity for the year ending September 30, 2020 was as follows:

City of Grangeville, Idaho Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued) 9.

Description	Maturity	Rate	Required Reserve	9/30/2019	Increa	ase	Decrease	9/30/2020	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:									
2019 Chevy Silverado	2022	5.64%	N/A	\$ 34,744	\$	-	\$ (10,952)	\$ 23,792	\$ 11,570
Spillman Software	2024	6.56%	N/A	66,776			(11,714)	55,062	12,482
				\$ 101,520	\$		\$ (22,666)	\$ 78,854	\$ 24,052
Business-type Activities:									
USDA Sewer Bond	2043	1.875%	\$ 107,531	\$ 2,946,685	\$	-	\$ (98,365)	\$ 2,848,320	\$ 100,209
Water Refunding Bond	2033	2.00 - 5.00%	\$ 243,750	2,400,000			(135,000)	2,265,000	135,000
				5,346,685		-	(233,365)	5,113,320	235,209
Unamort. Water Bond Prer	nium			278,004			(19,857)	258,147	
				\$ 5,624,689	\$		\$ (253,222)	\$ 5,371,467	\$ 235,209

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities			<u>G</u>	overnment	tal A	Activities	
Year Ending		Bonds	and	Notes		Municip	al L	ease
September 30,	F	Principal	ipal Interest		Principal			nterest
2021	\$	235,209	\$	155,081	\$	24,052	\$	4,954
2022		242,088		150,502		25,524		3,482
2023		249,002		145,438		14,174		1,921
2024		255,952		138,413		15,104		991
2025		262,939		13,046		-		-
2026-2030		1,465,821		496,254		-		-
2031-2035		1,271,380		217,195		-		-
2036-2040		687,347		80,728		-		-
2041-2043		443,582		16,727		-		-
	\$!	5,113,320	\$	1,413,384	\$	78,854	\$	11,348

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

10. LEASE COMMITMENTS

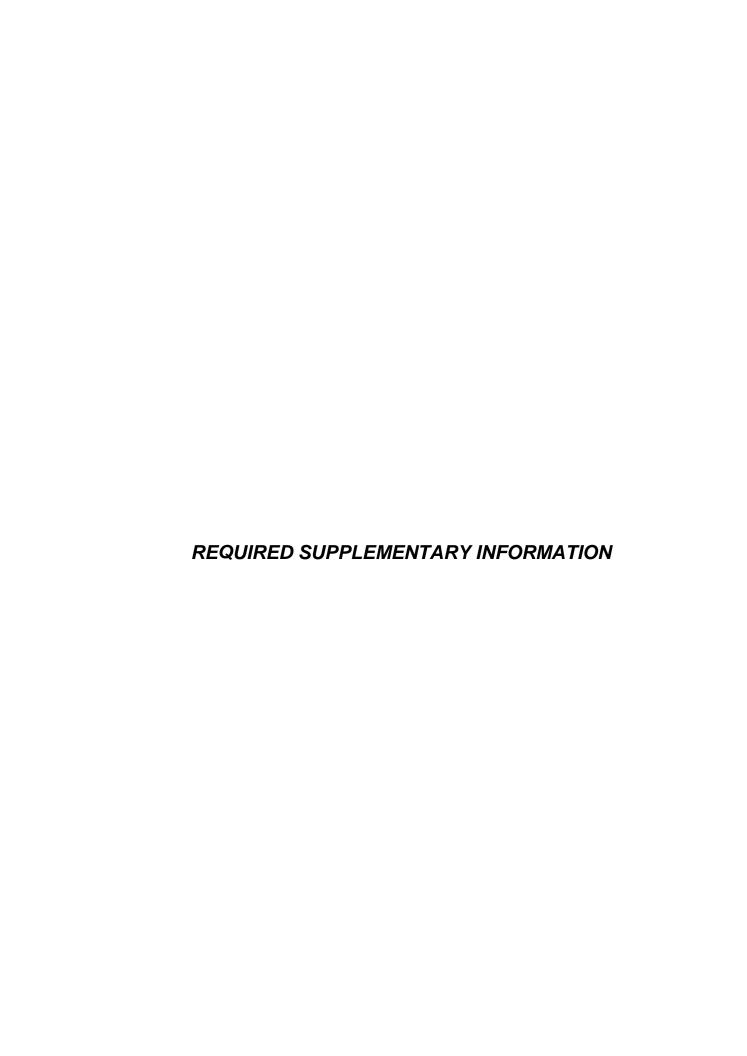
The City leases three copy machines, one located at City Hall, one at the Library, and one at the Police Station. It is anticipated that the copiers will be returned at the end of the lease periods. The Police Department also leases body cameras and tasers, both of which are expected to be returned at the completion of the lease. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2021	\$ 10,951
2022	10,951
2023	2,289
2024	396
	\$ 24,587

Rent expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$11,997.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2020 the City refinanced their Water Refunding Bond. The refinance decreased the interest rate to 1.453% and moved the final maturity date to September 15, 2033.



City of Grangeville, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 723,507	\$ 723,507	\$ 737,584	\$ 14,077
Licenses and Permits	9,900	9,900	12,931	3,031
Intergovernmental	255,759	255,759	268,405	12,646
Charges for Services	12,000	12,000	12,000	-
Grants & Contributions	356,250	356,250	2,603	(353,647)
Interest Income	_	-	30,245	30,245
Other	29,000	29,000	33,949	4,949
Total Revenues	1,386,416	1,386,416	1,097,717	(288,699)
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	307,500	307,500	249,843	57,657
Public Safety	851,564	851,564	707,984	143,580
Capital Outlay	430,173	475,173	75,624	399,549
Total Expenditures	1,589,237	1,634,237	1,033,451	600,786
Net Change in Fund Balances	(202,821)	(247,821)	64,266	312,087
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 202,821	\$ 247,821	1,169,301 \$ 1,233,567	921,480 \$ 1,233,567

City of Grangeville, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Street Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 158,615	\$ 158,615	\$ 163,478	\$ 4,863
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	188,624	188,624	190,900	2,276
Charges for Services	87,100	87,100	82,969	(4,131)
Grants & Contributions	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	-	-	26,651	26,651
Other	18,000	18,000	18,221	221
Total Revenues	452,339	452,339	482,219	29,880
Expenditures				
Current:				
Salaries and Benefits	117,000	117,000	104,672	12,328
Maintenance and Operations	363,700	363,700	204,917	158,783
Capital Outlay	26,250	26,250	31,367	(5,117)
Total Expenditures	506,950	506,950	340,956	165,994
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(54,611)	(54,611)	141,263	195,874
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets	-	-	1,700	1,700
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	1,700	1,700
Net Change in Fund Balances	(54,611)	(54,611)	142,963	197,574
-				
Fund Balances - Beginning	54,611	54,611	1,114,340	1,059,729
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,257,303	\$ 1,257,303

City of Grangeville, Idaho Budgetary (GAAP Basis) Comparison Schedule Recreation Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 70,273	\$ 70,273	\$ 71,964	\$ 1,691
Intergovernmental	134,437	134,437	135,028	591
Charges for Services	35,700	35,700	35,546	(154)
Grants & Contributions	-	-	5,000	5,000
Interest Income	-	-	12,040	12,040
Other	8,700	8,700	5,119	(3,581)
Total Revenues	249,110	249,110	264,697	15,587
Expenditures				
Current:				
Salaries and Benefits	71,900	71,900	69,776	2,124
Maintenance and Operations	107,410	107,410	69,621	37,789
Capital Outlay	106,300	106,300	39,708	66,592
Total Expenditures	285,610	285,610	179,105	106,505
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(36,500)	(36,500)	85,592	122,092
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Timber Sale			2,006	2,006
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			2,006	2,006
Net Change in Fund Balances	(36,500)	(36,500)	87,598	124,098
Fund Balances - Beginning	36,500	36,500	666,703	630,203
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 754,301	\$ 754,301

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September 1, the City Clerk, Mayor, and City Council prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- D. The City is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, no revision can be made to increase the overall tax supported funds except when federal or state grants are approved. The City, however, must follow the same budgetary procedures as they followed when the original budget was approved. The budget for Enterprise funds may also be revised in the same manner as those situations involving federal and state grants.
- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund and Special Revenue funds.

Schedule of Required Supplemental Information Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

					City's Proportionate	
	City's	City's			Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of	Proportionate			Pension Liability as a	Net Position as
	the Net	Share of the	City	's Covered	Percentage of its	a Percentage of
	Pension	Net Pension	Е	Employee	Covered-Employee	the Total
Year	Liability	Liability		Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2020	0.0247508%	\$ 574,746	\$	892,809	64.38%	88.22%
2019	0.0266313%	303,989		908,350	33.47%	93.79%
2018	0.0258488%	381,274		820,986	46.44%	87.26%
2017	0.0276946%	435,312		821,952	52.96%	87.26%
2016	0.0273786%	555,006		797,072	69.63%	82.26%
2015	0.0270404%	356,078		758,865	46.92%	91.38%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020

Schedule of City Contributions

		Contributions in Relation to the			Contributions as a Percentage of
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution		Covered-
	Required	Required	Deficiency	City's Covered-	Employee
Year	Contributions	Contribution	(Excess)	Employee Payroll	Payroll
2020	\$ 107,647	\$ 107,647	\$ -	\$ 892,809	12.06%
2019	104,978	104,978	-	908,350	11.56%
2018	93,856	93,856	-	820,986	11.43%
2017	94,005	94,005	-	821,952	11.44%
2016	91,184	91,184	-	797,072	11.44%
2015	86,753	86,753	-	758,865	11.43%

Data reported is measured as of September 30, 2020

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City of Grangeville will present information for those years for which information is available.



City of Grangeville, Idaho
Supplemental Schedule of Revenues by Source
- Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	 /ariance
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 720,699	\$ 732,161	\$ 11,462
Penalties and Interest	 2,808	 5,423	2,615
	 723,507	 737,584	14,077
Licenses and Permits			
Alcoholic Beverages	5,000	6,704	1,704
Building and Inspection	3,500	2,494	(1,006)
Animal Licenses and Impound Fees	1,400	997	(403)
Franchise Fees	 	 2,736	2,736
	9,900	12,931	3,031
Intergovernmental			
State Liquor Apportionment	48,900	57,152	8,252
Personal Property Tax Replacement	16,208	16,208	-
State Revenue Sharing	182,651	188,644	5,993
Court Revenue	8,000	6,401	(1,599)
	255,759	268,405	12,646
Charges for Services			
Reimbursement of Services	12,000	12,000	-
	12,000	12,000	-
Other	_	 _	
Grants and Contributions	356,250	2,603	(353,647)
Interest Income	-	30,245	30,245
Other Income	29,000	33,949	4,949
Proceeds from Debt	-	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets	 	 	-
•	385,250	66,797	 (318,453)
Total Revenue	\$ 1,386,416	\$ 1,097,717	\$ (288,699)

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Council Salaries \$ 47,500 \$ 48,276 \$ (776) Benefits 26,700 8,042 18,658 Travel and Meetings 3,000 117 2,883 77,200 56,435 20,765 Executive
Benefits 26,700 8,042 18,658 Travel and Meetings 3,000 117 2,883 77,200 56,435 20,765
Travel and Meetings 3,000 117 2,883 77,200 56,435 20,765
77,200 56,435 20,765
Executive
Mayor Salary 11,300 11,867 (567)
Benefits 10,900 7,908 2,992
Travel and Meetings1,500391,461
23,700 19,814 3,886
City Clerk
Salaries 41,200 41,810 (610
Benefits 21,100 20,845 255
Travel and Meetings 2,400 (168) 2,568
Maintenance and Repairs 100 100
64,800 62,487 2,313
Administrative Assistant
Salaries 12,900 13,331 (431
Benefits 11,200 12,251 (1,051
Travel and Meetings 1,000 125 875
Supplies 150 150
<u>25,250</u> <u>25,707</u> (457
Legal
Professional Services <u>45,000</u> 47,051 (2,051
45,000 47,051 (2,051
Planning and Zoning
Travel and Meetings 200 - 200
Publication 400 570 (170
Professional Services 3,000 - 3,000
Supplies 100 7 93
Other Expenses 150 150
<u> 3,850</u> <u> 577</u> <u> 3,273</u>

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure
- Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)
For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budget	 Actual	Variance
General Government		_	_
Maintenance and Repairs	\$ 14,500	\$ 9,781	\$ 4,719
Publication	3,000	843	2,157
Professional Services	5,000	2,805	2,195
Supplies	6,500	1,335	5,165
Utilities	8,700	6,025	2,675
Dues and Subscriptions	3,100	2,913	187
Printing and Binding	5,000	566	4,434
Insurance	1,500	1,020	480
Janitorial Services	3,300	2,739	561
Other Expenses	9,500	3,652	5,848
Economic Development	2,000	2,000	-
Capital Outlay	50,850	 45,919	4,931
	112,950	79,598	33,352
Law Enforcement			_
Salaries	381,350	347,504	33,846
Benefits	197,200	145,084	52,116
Travel and Meetings	4,500	184	4,316
Maintenance and Repairs	46,114	50,732	(4,618)
Professional Services	37,050	37,044	6
Supplies	17,100	12,078	5,022
Utilities	13,000	12,294	706
Dues and Subscriptions	500	250	250
Insurance	16,000	9,032	6,968
Gas and Oil	18,000	9,161	8,839
Training	12,500	6,582	5,918
Other Expenses	10,000	5,452	4,548
Capital Outlay	29,920	13,111	 16,809
	783,234	648,508	134,726

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures by Object of Expenditure
- Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Fire Department		_				_
Salaries	\$	48,750	\$	47,474	\$	1,276
Benefits		5,800		5,393		407
Travel and Meetings		700		-		700
Maintenance and Repairs		12,000		3,975		8,025
Supplies		3,300		422		2,878
Utilities		6,100		3,844		2,256
Dues and Subscriptions		200		-		200
Insurance		3,400		2,600		800
Janitorial Services		750		540		210
Gas and Oil		900		841		59
Training		2,800		2,107		693
Other Expenses		5,700		3,027		2,673
Capital Outlay		394,403		16,594		377,809
		484,803		86,817		397,986
Animal Control						
Salaries		-		-		-
Benefits		-		-		-
Travel and Meetings		1,500		-		1,500
Professional Services		1,500		1,200		300
Supplies		2,000		120		1,880
Utilities		1,400		1,044		356
Insurance		450		-		450
Gas and Oil		-		-		-
Other Expenses		1,000				1,000
		7,850		2,364		5,486
Building Maintenance						
Salaries		4,600		3,455		1,145
Benefits		1,000		638		362
		5,600		4,093		1,507
Dalid Caralina						
Debt Service				_		_
Payment of Leases						
Total Expenditures	\$	1,634,237	\$	1,033,451	\$	600,786

Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	Library	Tort Insurance		Total
Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$ 79,857	\$ 17,005	\$	96,862
Receivables, Net:				
Accounts	-	-		-
Property Taxes	1,953	1,103		3,056
Due from Other Governments	4,906	-		4,906
Prepaid Items	25			25
Total Assets	\$ 86,741	\$ 18,108	\$	104,849
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,054	\$ -	\$	8,054
Wages Payable	3,363	-		3,363
Customer Deposits	-	-		-
Compensated Absences				
Total Liabilities	11,417			11,417
Deferred Inflows				
Unearned Revenue - Property Tax	1,774	1,002		2,776
Total Deferred Inflows	1,774	1,002		2,776
Fund Dalamas				
Fund Balances	25			25
Nonspendable Restricted	25 72 525	- 17 106		25
	73,525	17,106		90,631
Total Fund Balances	73,550	17,106	-	90,656
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and				
Fund Balances	\$ 86,741	\$ 18,108	\$	104,849
1 4.14 24.411000	Ψ 00,171	Ψ 10,100	Ψ_	107,070

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Tort	
	Library	Insurance	Total
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 51,349	\$ 29,015	\$ 80,364
Licenses and Permits	1,525	-	1,525
Intergovernmental	13,779	635	14,414
Charges for Services	3,220	-	3,220
Grants & Contributions	9,146	-	9,146
Interest Income	1,341	209	1,550
Other	3,847		3,847
Total Revenues	84,207	29,859	 114,066
Expenditures			
Current:	50.044		50.044
Salaries and Benefits	58,814	-	58,814
Maintenance and Operations	31,599	29,000	60,599
Capital Outlay	8,923		8,923
Total Expenditures	99,336	29,000	 128,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(15,129)	859	(14,270)
	(10,120)		 (11,-11)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets	-	-	-
Trasnfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,129)	859	(14,270)
Fund Balances - Beginning	88,679	16,247	104,926
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 73,550	\$ 17,106	\$ 90,656





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Grangeville, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Grangeville, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Grangeville, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Grangeville, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zwygart John & Associates, CPAs PLLC

Nampa, Idaho March 3, 2021